

Topical Outline (8th edition Floyd)

1.0 Introduction to Electricity

- 1.1 Nature of Electricity
 - 1.1.1 Simple Atomic Theory 2-1 p17-20
 - 1.1.2 Conductors and Insulators 2-1 p20
- 1.2 Electrical Quantities
 - 1.2.1 Charge 2-2 p21-22
 - 1.2.2 Electromotive Force 2-3 p23, 2-4 p26-29
 - 1.2.3 Current 2-3 p23-24
 - 1.2.4 Resistance 2-3 p25, 2-5 p32-35, p38-39
 - 1.2.5 Metric Prefixes 1-3 p7-11
- 1.3 Use of Electrical Meters 2-7 p49-55, ACA p57-61
 - 1.3.1 Ohmmeter 2-7 p51
 - 1.3.2 Voltmeter 2-7 p50-51
 - 1.3.3 Ammeter 2-7 p50
- 1.4 Electrical Potential
 - 1.4.1 Potential Difference 2-3 p23
 - 1.4.1 EMF and Voltage Drop 4-4 p106-107
- 2.0 **Ohm's Law and Electric Circuits.**
- 2.1 Ohm's Law
 - 2.1.1 Simple Electric Circuit 2-6 p41-43, p47-49
 - 2.1.2 Ohm's Law Equation 3-1 p73-84
- 2.2 Series Circuits
 - 2.2.1 Series Circuit Description 5-1 p118-130
 - 2.2.2 Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL) 5-6 p133-137
 - 2.2.3 Voltage Division 5-7 p138-143
- 2.3 Parallel Circuits
 - 2.3.1 Parallel Circuit Description 6-1 p173-178, 6-4 p182
 - 2.3.2 Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL) 6-3 p178-182, 6-5 p188-192
 - 2.3.3 Special Parallel Circuits 6-4 p185-187
 - 2.3.4 Current Division 6-7 p193-197
 - 2.3.5 Conductance 2-3 p25
- 2.4 Series - Parallel Circuits
 - 2.4.1 Circuit Reduction Techniques 7-1 p227-232
 - 2.4.2 Calculation of Branch Currents and Voltages 7-2 p232-240
- 2.5 Electrical Power and Energy
 - 2.5.1 Power Developed by Current Flow 4-2 p100-102, 5-8 p144-146, 6-8 p197-199
 - 2.5.2 Power Formulas 4-2 p100-102
 - 2.5.3 Power Rating of Resistors 4-3 p102-105
 - 2.5.4 Horsepower 4-1 p98-100
 - 2.5.5 Electrical Energy 4-1 p98-100
 - 2.5.6 Heating Effect of an Electrical Current
- 2.6 Voltage Dividers
 - 2.6.1 Series Voltage Divider 5-7 p137-141
 - 2.6.2 Use of Bleeder Resistor 7-3 p240-243
 - 2.6.3 Potentiometer 5-7 p141-144

2.6.4	Multiple Voltage Divider	7-3 p242-244
2.7	Resistance of Conductors	
2.7.1	Laws of Resistance of Conductors	
2.7.2	Resistivity Formula	2-6 p46-47
2.7.3	Circular Mil Method	2-6 p45-46
2.7.4	American Wire Gage	2-6 p46
2.7.5	Effect of Temperature on Resistance	
2.7.6	Voltage Drop in Supply Feeders	
3.0	Magnetism and Electromagnetism	
3.1	Nature of Magnetic Field	
3.1.1	Electron Theory of Magnetism	
3.1.2	Magnetic Lines of Flux	10-1 p371
3.1.3	Magnetic Field Between Two Magnets	10-1 p371-372
3.1.4	Magnetic Field Around a Current Carrying Conductor	10-2 p370-372
3.1.5	Electromagnet	10-2 p380
3.2	Magnetic Terms and Units	
3.2.1	Magnetomotive Force	10-2 p378
3.2.2	Magnetic Flux	10-1 p371-372
3.2.3	Reluctance	10-2 p377-378
3.2.4	Magnetic Circuit "Ohm's Law"	10-2 p376-380
4.0	Electrical Measurement	
4.1	Principles of Measurement	
4.1.1	Moving Coil Meter Movement	10-3 p385
4.1.2	Current Measurement - the Ammeter	6-9 p200-203, ACA p200-201
4.1.3	Voltage Measurement - the Voltmeter	7-4 p245-247
4.1.4	Resistance Measurement - the Series Ohmmeter	
5.0	Inductance	
5.1	Electromagnetic Induction	
5.1.1	Faraday's Law	10-5 p392-293, 13-1 p530
5.1.2	Dynamic and Static Induction	10-5 p390-391
5.1.3	Flemming's Right-hand Rule	
5.1.4	Induced Voltage Formula	10-5 p393
5.1.5	Self-induction	10-5 p393
5.1.6	Lenz's Law	10-5 393-394 13-1 p530-532
5.2	Inductance	
5.2.1	Definition of Inductance	13-1 p526-529
5.2.2	Formula for Inductance	
5.2.3	Factors Governing Inductance	13-1 p528-529
5.2.4	Inductances in Series	13-3 p533-534
5.2.5	Inductances in Parallel	13-3 p534-535
5.2.6	Inductance in a D.C. Circuit	13-4 p535-545
6.0	Cells and Batteries	
6.1	Simple Primary Cells	
6.2	Equivalent Circuit	
6.3	Grouping of Cells	2-4 p27-28
6.4	Secondary Cell	4-5 p108